NHS Continuing Healthcare Fast Track Pathway Tool Guidance

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Fast Track Personalised Care & Support Plan

This document is in two parts, the first section includes the guidance from the Fast Track Pathway Tool (Department of Health & Social Care Fast Track Pathway Tool for NHS Continuing Healthcare July 2022 Published May 2022)

The second section is the NHS Devon Fast Track Pathway Personalised Care & Support Plan both sections, should be fully completed by the referring clinician.

What is the Fast Track Pathway Tool?

1. This revised tool accompanies the National Framework for NHS Continuing Healthcare and NHS-funded Nursing Care 2022 (the National Framework) and the NHS Continuing Healthcare Checklist (the Checklist) and the Decision Support Tool for NHS Continuing Healthcare (DST). This is the version that Integrated Care Boards (ICBs) and NHS England[[1]](#footnote-1) should use from 1 July 2022. Please use the tool in conjunction with the National Framework, with particular reference to paragraphs 240-269. All staff who use the Fast Track Tool should be familiar with the principles of the National Framework and have received appropriate training.
2. Individuals with a rapidly deteriorating condition that may be entering a terminal phase, may require ‘fast tracking’ for immediate provision of NHS Continuing Healthcare.
3. The intention of the Fast Track Pathway is that it should identify individuals who need to access NHS Continuing Healthcare quickly, with minimum delay, and with no requirement to complete the Checklist or the Decision Support Tool (DST). Therefore, the completed Fast Track Pathway Tool, which clearly evidences that the person has a primary health need arising from a rapidly deteriorating condition and the condition may be entering a terminal phase, is in itself sufficient to establish eligibility.

## Who can complete the Fast Track Pathway Tool?

1. In Fast Track cases, the [Standing Rules](https://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2012/2996/part/6/made) state that it is an ‘appropriate clinician’ who determines that the individual has a primary health need. The ICB must therefore determine that the individual is eligible for NHS Continuing Healthcare and should respond promptly and positively to ensure that the appropriate funding and care arrangements are in place without delay.
2. An ‘appropriate clinician’ is defined as a person who is:

a) responsible for the diagnosis, treatment or care of the individual under the 2006 Act in respect of whom a Fast Track Pathway Tool is being completed; and

b) a registered nurse or a registered medical practitioner.

1. The ‘appropriate clinician’ should be knowledgeable about the individual’s health needs, diagnosis, treatment or care and be able to provide an assessment of why the individual meets the Fast Track Pathway Tool criteria.
2. An ‘appropriate clinician’ can include clinicians employed in voluntary and independent sector organisations that have a specialist role in end of life needs (for example, hospices), provided they are offering services pursuant to the 2006 Act.
3. Others, who are not approved clinicians as defined above, but are involved in supporting those with end of life needs, (including those in wider voluntary and independent sector organisations) may identify the fact that the individual has needs for which use of the Fast Track Pathway Tool might be appropriate. They should contact the appropriate clinician who is responsible for the diagnosis, care or treatment of the individual and ask for consideration to be given to completion of the Fast Track Pathway Tool.

## When should the Fast Track Pathway Tool be used?

1. The Fast Track Pathway Tool must only be used when the individual has a rapidly deteriorating condition and may be entering a terminal phase.
2. The Fast Track Pathway Tool replaces the need for the Checklist and the Decision Support Tool (DST) to be completed. However, a Fast Track Pathway Tool can also be completed after the Checklist if it becomes apparent at that point that the Fast Track criteria are met.
3. The Fast Track Pathway Tool can be used in any setting. This includes where such support is required for individuals who are already in their own home or are in a care home and wish to remain there. It could also be used in other settings, such as hospices.
4. If an individual meets the criteria for the use of the Fast Track Pathway Tool then the Tool should be completed even if an individual is already receiving a care package (other than one already fully funded by the NHS) which could still meet their needs. This is important because the individual may at present be funding their own care or the local authority may be funding (and/or charging) when the NHS should now be funding the care in full.
5. The completed Fast Track Pathway Tool should be supported by a prognosis, where available. However, strict time limits that base eligibility on a specified expected length of life remaining should not be imposed:

a) ‘rapidly deteriorating' should not be interpreted narrowly as only meaning an anticipated specific or short time frame of life remaining; and

b) ‘may be entering a terminal phase’ is not intended to be restrictive to only those situations where death is imminent.

1. It is the responsibility of the appropriate clinician to make a decision based on whether the individual’s needs meet the Fast Track criteria.
2. An individual may at the time of consideration be demonstrating few symptoms yet the nature of the condition is such that it is clear that rapid deterioration is to be expected in the near future. In these cases it may be appropriate to use the Fast Track Pathway Tool in anticipation of those needs arising and agreeing the responsibilities and actions to be taken once they arise, or to plan an early review date to reconsider the situation. It is the responsibility of the appropriate clinician to base their decision on the facts of the individual’s case and healthcare needs at the time.

## How should the Fast Track Pathway Tool be used?

1. Appropriate clinicians should complete the attached fast-track documentation and set out how their knowledge, and evidence about the individual’s needs, leads them to conclude that the patient has a rapidly deteriorating condition and that the condition may be entering a terminal phase.
2. It is helpful if an indication of how the individual presents in the current setting is included with the Fast Track Pathway Tool, along with the likely progression of the individual’s condition, including anticipated deterioration and how and when this may occur. However, ICBs should not require this information to be provided as a prerequisite for establishing entitlement to NHS Continuing Healthcare.
3. Whilst the completed Fast Track Pathway Tool itself is sufficient to demonstrate eligibility, a care plan will be required which describes the immediate needs to be met and the individual’s preferences. This care plan should be provided with the Fast Track documentation, or as soon as practicable thereafter, in order for an ICB to commission appropriate care.
4. The setting where an individual wishes to be supported as they approach the end of their life may be different to their current arrangements (e.g. even though they are currently in a care home setting they may wish to be supported in their family environment).The important issue is that (wherever possible) the individual concerned receives the support they need in their preferred place as soon as reasonably practicable, without having to go through the full process for consideration of NHS Continuing Healthcare eligibility.

## How should the individual/representative be involved?

1. The overall Fast Track process should be carefully and sensitively explained to the individual and (where appropriate) their representative to support their informed and active participation and their views should be considered.
2. It is also important for the ICB to know what the individual or their representative have been advised about their condition and prognosis and how they have been involved in agreeing the end of life care pathway.
3. Clinicians completing the Fast Track Pathway Tool should make the individual aware that it will be important to review the individual's care needs and the effectiveness of the care arrangements. In doing this, there may be certain situations where a change in needs indicates that it is appropriate to review eligibility for NHS Continuing Healthcare. This could potentially affect the funding stream depending on the outcome of the review. Any such decisions should be made with sensitivity. Please refer to paragraphs 264-269 in the [National Framework](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-framework-for-nhs-continuing-healthcare-and-nhs-funded-nursing-care) for further details.
4. There are a number of principles which underpin the NHS Continuing Healthcare process: most importantly that assessments and reviews should always focus on the individual's needs and follow a person-centred approach. The individual should be fully informed and empowered to participate actively in the assessment process and any subsequent reviews, and their views should be considered. In addition, there are a number of legal requirements when it comes to an individual's consent for parts of the NHS Continuing Healthcare process.
5. In the spirit of the person-centred approach, practitioners should make all reasonable efforts to seek the participation of the individual (or their representative) for the assessment and review process for NHS Continuing Healthcare, during each stage of the process. For a comprehensive assessment, the best evidence available at the relevant time should be considered. This should involve consideration of the individual's (or their representative's) view, and they should be empowered and assisted to participate. Throughout the process, this person-centred approach should be embedded in all decisions which relate to the individual's needs assessment, and their care planning.
6. Consent is a legal requirement for any physical intervention on, or examination of, a person with capacity to give consent. To the extent that the completion of a Fast Track Pathway Tool involves such an intervention or examination, informed consent must be sought from an individual with capacity to give consent. Please refer to paragraph 85 of the National Framework which gives detailed guidance on what is required for consent to be valid.
7. It is necessary to obtain an individual's explicit consent before sharing any personal data with a third party such as a family member, friend, advocate, and/or other representative.
8. However, it is not necessary to seek consent from an individual in order to share their personal data as part of their NHS Continuing Healthcare assessment (and subsequent reviews) between health and social care professionals.
9. If there is a concern that the individual may not have capacity to give consent to a physical intervention/examination that is part of the assessment process, or to the sharing of personal data with third parties such as a family member, friend, advocate, and/or other representative, this should be determined in accordance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005 and the associated code of practice. It may be necessary for a 'best interests' decision to be made, bearing in mind the expectation that everyone who is potentially eligible for NHS Continuing Healthcare should have the opportunity to be considered for eligibility. Guidance on the application of the Mental Capacity Act 2005 in such situations is provided in paragraphs 89-96 of the National Framework.

**Careful decision-making is essential in order to avoid the undue distress that might result from changes in NHS Continuing Healthcare eligibility within a very short period of time.**

| **Fast Track Criterion** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| To enable immediate provision of a package of NHS Continuing Healthcare The individual fulfils the following criterion:  They have a rapidly deteriorating condition, and the condition may be entering a terminal phase. For the purposes of Fast Track eligibility this constitutes a primary health need. No other test is required. | | | |
| Brief outline of reasons for the fast-tracking recommendation:  Please set out below the details of how your knowledge and evidence of the individual’s needs mean that you consider that they fulfil the above criterion. This may include evidence from assessments, diagnosis, prognosis where these are available, together with details of both immediate and anticipated future needs and any deterioration that is present or expected. | | | |
| Details: | | | |
| **I, an appropriate clinician, confirm that I have explained to the individual / their representative (tick as appropriate):** | | | |
| The reasons why a Fast Track application for NHS Continuing Healthcare has been made to the ICB. | | |  |
| That the purpose of this is to enable the individual’s needs to be urgently met as they have a rapidly deteriorating condition which may be entering a terminal phase. | | |  |
| That their needs and the effectiveness of their care arrangements may need to be reviewed. There may be certain situations where a change in needs indicates that it is appropriate to review eligibility for NHS Continuing Healthcare, which could potentially affect the funding stream depending on the outcome of the review. | | |  |
| Name and signature of referring clinician |  | Date | |
| Name and signature confirming approval by ICB |  | Date | |

| **Client/Patient details** | | | | | | | | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Forename** |  | | | **Surname** | |  | **Title** | | |  |
| **Date of Birth** |  | | | **NHS Number** | |  | **Contact Number** | | |  |
| **Current/Temporary Address** | | |  | | **Permanent Address** | | |  | | |
| **Next of kin** | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Name** | | |  | | **Relationship** | | |  | | |
| **Contact Details** | | |  | | | | | | | |
| **General Practitioner** | | | | | | | | | | |
| **GP & Surgery** | |  | | | | **Telephone number** | | |  | |
| Referring Clinician/Team | | | | | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** |  | **Job Role** |  |
| **Date Fast Track Pathway Completed** |  | Referring clinician **signature** |  |
| **Referring Clinician/Team** |  | **Telephone** |  |
| **Email** |  |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Is there a Treatment Escalation Plan?** | | Yes | No | | **Is there an Advanced care plan?** | | | | Yes | No |
| **Is funding for a Package of care required via the Personal Health Budget route?** | | | | | | | | | Yes | No |
| **Has NHS Devon ICB Individual Packages of Care Policy been explained to the Individual/family?** | | | | | | | | | Yes | No |
| **Individual’s main current concerns or difficulties** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Any relevant additional personal and or medical information – family circumstances – is anyone else involved with their care. Others in the home. Pets in the home, access information, happy to accept male carers.** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Medications: Types of medication taken – syringe drivers – just in case box.** | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Is there an existing package care in place?** | | | | | | **Yes** | | **No** | | |
| **Privately funded**  **Name of care provider** |  | | | **Social Services funded**  **Name of care provider** | | |  | | | |

| **Domain** | **Care Needs** | **What is required to be done by Care provider** | **Others involved**  **e.g., Family, Community nursing services, Hospice etc.** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Breathing/ASC** |  |  |  |
| **Nutrition – Food & Drink** |  |  |  |
| **Continence** |  |  |  |
| **Skin Care** |  |  |  |
| **Personal care/ Mouth care** |  |  |  |
| **Mobility** |  |  |  |
| **Communication** |  |  |  |
| **Emotional needs** |  |  |  |
| **Cognition** |  |  |  |
| **Behaviour** |  |  |  |
| **Medication** |  |  |  |
| **Night needs** |  |  |  |
| **Other care needs Any identified current risks?** |  |  |  |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Please complete the timetable below where the individual is being cared for in their own home.**  **Please note the timetable of care is not required where the individual is cared for in a care home with nursing or a care home without nursing.**  **Please tick the relevant box to reflect the care setting** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Own home** | *Please complete the timetable below* | | | | **Care Home with Nursing** | |  | | **Care Home without Nursing** | | |  |
|  | | **Monday** | **Tuesday** | **Wednesday** | | **Thursday** | | **Friday** | | **Saturday** | **Sunday** | |
| **Morning**  *1. Number of carers required*  *2. Length of visit*  *3. Preferred visit time* | |  |  |  | |  | |  | |  |  | |
| **Lunchtime**  *1. Number of carers required*  *2. Length of visit*  *3. Preferred visit time* | |  |  |  | |  | |  | |  |  | |
| **Afternoon**  *1. Number of carers required*  *2. Length of visit*  *3. Preferred visit time* | |  |  |  | |  | |  | |  |  | |
| **Evening**  *1. Number of carers required*  *2. Length of visit*  *3. Preferred visit time* | |  |  |  | |  | |  | |  |  | |
| **Waking or Sleeping Nights**  *Detail preferred start & finish time* | |  |  |  | |  | |  | |  |  | |
| **What contingency plans are in place:** (For example, a community care package break down e.g. admission into a nursing home, additional support/family support) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Details:** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| **Please forward the completed personalised care and support plan along with a completed consent form to the appropriate CHC hub**    **Northern & Eastern CHC** Email: [d-icb.chcpanel@nhs.net](mailto:d-icb.chcpanel@nhs.net) Tel: 01392 675414    **Western CHC** Email: [d-icb.westernchc@nhs.net](mailto:d-icb.westernchc@nhs.net) Tel: 01752 434231 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **For admin use only:** | | | |
| **CareFirst 6 Number:** |  | **Care Track Number:** |  |

About you — equality monitoring

We collect equalities information to meet our duties under the Equality Act 2010 and develop our insights into CHC patients and ensure we provide appropriate care. The categories included in the questions may not be exhaustive or reflect how you feel or identify. We will be reviewing these to align with approaches across Government. Filling these in is optional, and you do not have to provide an answer if you do not wish to do so.

Please provide us with some information about yourself. We collect information to help us understand whether people are receiving fair and equal access to NHS Continuing Healthcare (CHC) via the [NHS CHC Patient Level Data Set (PLDS)](https://eur03.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fdigital.nhs.uk%2Fdata-and-information%2Fdata-collections-and-data-sets%2Fdata-sets%2Fcontinuing-health-care-data-set%2Fcontinuing-health-care-patient-level-data-set&data=05|01|Alexandra.Ostendorf%40dhsc.gov.uk|119fe136c12d434e338b08da27880ce0|61278c3091a84c318c1fef4de8973a1c|1|0|637865762542945475|Unknown|TWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D|3000|||&sdata=%2FwQZjI%2BazdZre6g3bOdZOowvicbzpVuGJxq625%2BT1jI%3D&reserved=0) which is used to help achieve better patient outcomes, better experiences and better use of resources in CHC. The lawful basis for collecting this information is Article 6 (1) (c) of the GDPR enacted by the Data Protection Act 2018. Please note that NHS CHC PLDS data is pseudonymised for analysis purposes. This means that identifiers such as names, NHS numbers and dates of birth are removed. Detailed information about the use of individual’s identifiable data is publicly available at [https://digital.nhs.uk/about-nhs-digital/our-work/keeping-patient-data-safe/gdpr/gdpr-register](https://eur03.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fdigital.nhs.uk%2Fabout-nhs-digital%2Four-work%2Fkeeping-patient-data-safe%2Fgdpr%2Fgdpr-register&data=05|01|Alexandra.Ostendorf%40dhsc.gov.uk|119fe136c12d434e338b08da27880ce0|61278c3091a84c318c1fef4de8973a1c|1|0|637865762542945475|Unknown|TWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D|3000|||&sdata=hxf4ApAyRdEyAK0qaBm83DjjrOhGA1KqtvjzAJarhUI%3D&reserved=0)

#### 1 What is your gender?

Tick one box only

☐ Male

☐ Female

☐ Indeterminate (unable to be classified as either male or female)

☐ I prefer not to answer

#### 2 Which age group applies to you?

Tick one box only

☐ 18-24

☐ 25-34

☐ 35-44

☐ 45-54

☐ 55-64

☐ 65-74

☐ 75-84

☐ 85+

☐ I prefer not to answer

#### 3 Do you have a disability as defined by the Equalities Act 2010?

Tick one box only.

The Equality Act 2010 defines a person with a disability as someone who has a physical or mental impairment that has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his or her ability to carry out normal day to day activities.

☐ No

☐ Yes

☐ I prefer not to answer

#### 4 What is your ethnic group?

Tick one box only.

##### A White

☐ British

☐ Irish

☐ Any other White background, write below

Click here to enter text.

##### B Mixed

☐ White and Black Caribbean

☐ White and Black African

☐ White and Asian

☐ Any other Mixed background, write below

Click or tap here to enter text.

##### C Asian or Asian British

☐ Indian

☐ Pakistani

☐ Bangladeshi

☐ Any other Asian background, write below

Click here to enter text.

##### D Black, or Black British

☐ African

☐ Caribbean

☐ Any other Black background, write below

Click here to enter text.

##### E Other ethnic group

☐ Chinese

☐ Any other ethnic group, write below

Click here to enter text.

Prefer not to say

☐ I prefer not to answer

#### 5 What is your religious or belief system affiliation?

Tick one box only.

☐ Baha'i

☐ Buddhist

☐ Christian

☐ Hindu

☐ Jewish

☐ Muslim

☐ Pagan

☐ Sikh

☐ Zoroastrian

☐ Other

☐ None

☐ Prefer not to answer

☐ Unknown

#### 6 Which of the following best describes your sexual orientation?

Tick one box only.

☐ Heterosexual or Straight

☐ Gay or Lesbian

☐ Bisexual

☐ Other sexual orientation

☐ Prefer not to answer

Other, write below

Click here to enter text.

1. For the purposes of this document references to ICBs after this point also include NHS England where it is responsible for commissioning services for an individual for whom a Fast Track Pathway Tool has been completed. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)